Material Safety Data Sheet

Unleaded Race Fuel



1. Product and company identification

Product name : Unleaded Race Fuel

Material uses : Fuel.

Supplier/Manufacturer : VP Racing Fuels

7124 Richter Rd Elmendorf, TX 78112

Validation date : 06/12/2009

Responsible name : Atrion Regulatory Services, Inc.

In case of emergency : CHEMTREC, U.S.: 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887

2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Liquid.

Odor : Characteristic.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Emergency overview: WARNING!

FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. POSSIBLE CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL

WHICH MAY CAUSE CANCER, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Flammable liquid. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Contains material that can cause target organ damage. Contains material which may cause cancer, based on animal data. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and

sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage.

Skin : May cause skin irritation.Eyes : May cause eye irritation.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects : Contains material that can cause target organ damage.

Carcinogenicity : Contains material which may cause cancer, based on animal data. Risk of cancer

depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Target organs : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: kidneys, liver, upper

respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : No specific data.



2. Hazards identification

Ingestion

Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting

Skin

: No specific data.

Eyes

: No specific data.

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

		Ur	nited St	ates	5			
Name Complex combination of hydrocarbons							CAS number	% 100
							86290-81-5	
			Canac	la				
Name							CAS number	%
Complex combination of hydrocarbons							86290-81-5	100
			Mexic CI		icatio	on		
Name	UN number	IDLH	H	F	R	Special	CAS number	%
Complex combination of hydrocarbons	UN126	8 -		1	3	0	86290-81-5	100

4. First aid measures

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Skin contact: Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Inhalation : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical

attention if symptoms appear.

Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

medical attention it symptoms appear.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Notes to physician : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

 No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product

Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Extinguishing media

Suitable : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Not suitable : Do not use water jet.



5. Fire-fighting measures

Special exposure hazards

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: No specific data.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.



7. Handling and storage

Storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Product name

Complex combination of hydrocarbons

United States

Exposure limits

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

STEL: 1500 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 900 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 300 ppm 8 hour(s).

Canada

Product name

Complex combination of hydrocarbons

Exposure limits

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 10/2006).

8 hrs OEL: 300 ppm 8 hour(s). 15 min OEL: 500 ppm 15 minute(s). 15 min OEL: 1480 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). 8 hrs OEL: 890 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 12/2006).

TWAEV: 300 ppm 8 hour(s). TWAEV: 890 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). STEV: 500 ppm 15 minute(s). STEV: 1480 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

Engineering measures

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection

Eyes Skin

- : Safety glasses.
- : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.



Exposure controls/personal protection 8.

Respiratory **Hands**

: A respirator is not needed under normal and intended conditions of product use.

: Disposable vinyl gloves.

Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)







HMIS Code/Personal protective equipment

Environmental exposure controls

: B

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Physical and chemical properties 9.

Physical state : Liquid.

Flash point : Closed cup: <22°C (<71.6°F) [Tagliabue.]

Auto-ignition temperature : >215°C (>419°F) Flammable limits : Lower: 0.9%

Upper: 36%

Color : Various

Odor Characteristic. **Boiling/condensation point** : >35°C (>95°F) **Melting/freezing point** : <2°C (<35.6°F) **Relative density** : 0.625 to 0.88

: <151.6 kPa (<1137 mm Hg) Vapor pressure

Vapor density : >1 [Air = 1]

Evaporation rate : <12 (butyl acetate = 1)

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Hazardous polymerization

Conditions to avoid

: The product is stable.

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow

vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas. Do not swallow.

Materials to avoid

Hazardous decomposition products

Conditions of reactivity

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

: Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge. Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat.



11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage.

Skin : May cause skin irritation.

Eyes : May cause eye irritation.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

Product/ingredient nameACGIHIARCEPANIOSHNTPOSHAComplex combination of hydrocarbons-2B-+--

12. Ecological information

Environmental effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Other adverse effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

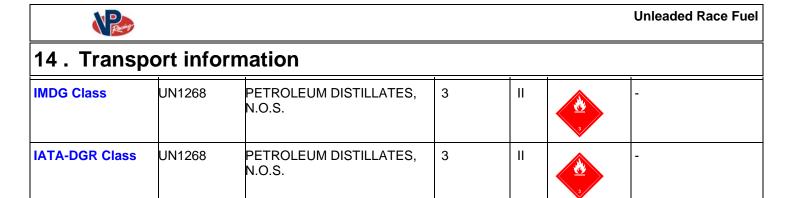
Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

AERG : 128

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1268	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.	3	II	RANGE HOLD	-
TDG Classification	UN1268	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.	3	II	A	-
Mexico Classification	UN1268	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.	3	II	3	-



PG*: Packing group

15. Regulatory information

United States

HCS Classification : Flammable liquid

Carcinogen

Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found. SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Complex combination of hydrocarbons SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification Complex combination of hydrocarbons: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard,

Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No products were found. Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: No products were found.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention No products were found.
Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances No products were found.
Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances No products were found.

State regulations

: Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: None of the components are listed.
Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: None of the components are listed.

Florida substances: None of the components are listed.

Illinois Chemical Safety Act None of the components are listed.

Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act None of the components are listed.

Louisiana Reporting: None of the components are listed. **Louisiana Spill**: None of the components are listed.

Massachusetts Spill: None of the components are listed.

Massachusetts Substances: The following components are listed: Complex

combination of hydrocarbons

Michigan Critical Material: None of the components are listed.

Minnesota Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed: Complex

combination of hydrocarbons

New Jersey Spill: None of the components are listed.

New York Acutely Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed. New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: None of the components are listed. New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: None of the components are listed. Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed. Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.



15. Regulatory information

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical or chemicals known to the state of California to cause birth defects (or other reproductive harm). Avoid breathing exhaust fumes and vapors. Do not use products in an indoor facility or in any facility without adequate ventilation.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class B-2: Flammable liquid Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).





Canadian lists

: **CEPA Toxic substances**: None of the components are listed.

Canadian ARET: None of the components are listed. **Canadian NPRI**: None of the components are listed.

Alberta Designated Substances: None of the components are listed. Ontario Designated Substances: None of the components are listed. Quebec Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

Canada inventory

: Canada inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Mexico

Classification



International regulations International lists

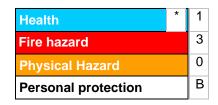
: This product, (and its ingredients) is (are) listed on national inventories, or is (are) exempted from being listed, in Australia (AICS), in Europe (EINECS/ELINCS), in Korea (TCCL), in Japan (METI), in the Philippines (RA6969).

16. Other information

Label requirements

: FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. POSSIBLE CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE CANCER, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



HAZARD RATINGS

4- Extreme 3- Serious

2- Moderate 1- Slight 0- Minimal

See section 8 for more detailed information on personal protection.



16. Other information

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



References : ANSI Z400.1, MSDS Standard, 2004. - Manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet. -

29CFR Part1910.1200 OSHA MSDS Requirements. - 49CFR Table List of Hazardous Materials, UN#, Proper Shipping Names, PG. - Canada Gazette Part II, Vol. 122, No. 2. Registration SOR/88-64, 31 December 1987. Hazardous Products Act "Ingredient Disclosure List" - Canadian Transport of Dangerous Goods, Regulations and Schedules, Clear Language version 2005. - Official Mexican Standards NOM-018-STPS-2000 and

NOM-004-SCT2-1994.

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Version : 3

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